

## 2. Algebraic expressions , equations, inequalities

## Task 2.1. (T 16.2015, 0 – 4 pts)

Write down each of the following as an algebraic expression.

- a) the cube of the sum of  $a$  and  $b$ .

.....

- b) the difference of  $a$  squared and  $b$  squared .....

- c) the quotient of the absolute value of  $a$  doubled and  $b$  .....

- d) the cube root of the absolute value of the quotient of  $a$  and  $b$  .....

## Task 2.2. (T 4.2016)

If  $m = \frac{1-x^2}{x+1}$ ,  $n = x - 1$ , where  $x \neq -1$  then the difference between  $m$  and  $n$  equals

A. 0

B.  $2 - 2x$

C.  $-2x$

D.  $\frac{-x^2-x+2}{x+1}$

## Task 2.3. (T 19.2016, 0 – 2 pts)

The equation  $mx^2 + 2x - 1 = 0$  is solved for  $x$ . Complete the following sentences.

- a) If  $m = -1$ , then the number of solutions to this equation is .....

- b) If the number  $x_0 = \frac{1}{2}$  is the solution to this equation then  $m =$ .....

## Task 2.4. (T 3.2017)

If  $m = 5$  and  $n = 4$ , then the difference of squares of  $m$  and  $n$  is:

A. 41

B. 1

C. 81

D. 9

## Task 2.5. (T 4.2017)

$\begin{cases} 2x + y = 3 \\ 4x - 5y = -1 \end{cases}$  is a system of equations which is represented in two-dimensional system of coordinates by:

A. an infinite set

B. an empty set.

C. exactly two distinct points.

D. exactly one point.

**Task 2.6. (T 5. 2017)**

The sum of all roots of the equation  $(x - 3)(x - 2)(x + 6) = 0$  is:

- A.  $-1$                       B.  $1$                       C.  $-11$                       D.  $11$

**Task 2.7. (T 11.2018)**

The set of all real numbers  $x$  which satisfy the inequality:  $-3 < 2x - 1 < 3$  is

- A.  $(-3; 3)$                       B.  $\langle -3; 3 \rangle$                       C.  $(-1; 2)$                       D.  $\langle -1; 2 \rangle$

**Task 2.8. (T 2.2019)**

For each real number  $x$  and for each real number  $y$  the square of the difference  $(x^2 - 5y)^2$  equals:

- A.  $x^4 - 10x^2y + 25y^2$                       B.  $-x^4 + 10x^2y - 25y^2$   
 C.  $x^4 + 25y^2$                       D.  $x^4 - 25y^2$

**Task 2.9 (T 3.2019)**

The set of simultaneous equations  $\begin{cases} 3x + 5y = -1 \\ x - 11y = 6 \end{cases}$  in a set of coordinate axes:

- A. describes an infinite set.                      B. describes an empty set.  
 C. describes exactly two distinct points.                      D. describes exactly one point.

**Task 2.10 (T 2.2020)**

The product of all solutions of the equation  $(x - 1)(x + 2)(x - 3) = 0$  is:

- A.  $-6$                       B.  $-2$                       C.  $2$                       D.  $6$

**Task 2.11 (T 3.2020)**

If  $x + y = 25$  and  $x - y = -4$ , then  $x^2 - y^2$  equals:

- A.  $-100$                       B.  $-29$                       C.  $29$                       D.  $100$

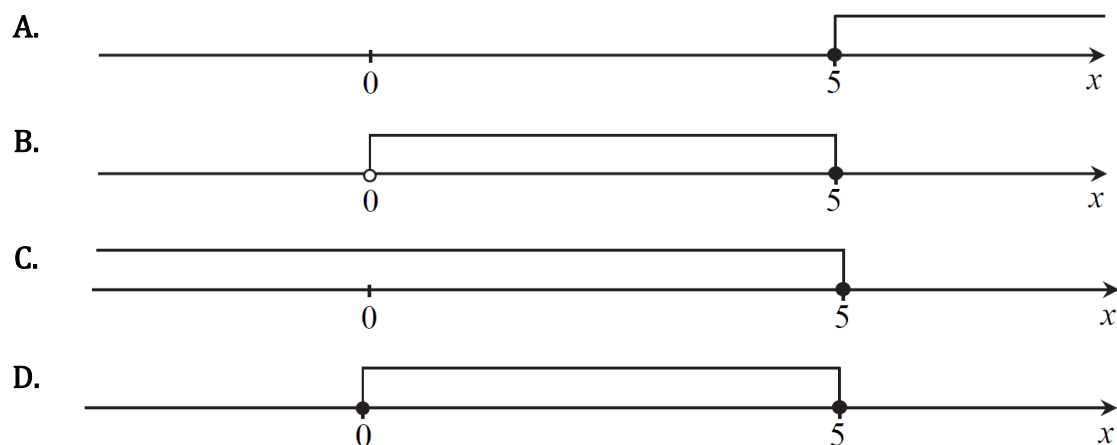
**Task 2.12. (T 8.2020)**

The expression  $2(x - 3) - 5x(3 - x)$  can be written as:

- A.  $-10x(x - 3)$               B.  $10x(x - 3)$   
 C.  $(5x - 2)(x - 3)$         D.  $(5x + 2)(x - 3)$

**Task 2.13. (T 9.2020)**

The solution set for the inequality  $2 - \frac{2}{3}(x - 1) \geq -\frac{2}{3}$  is the interval:



**Task 2.14 (T 18.2020, 0 – 2 pts)**

The geometrical interpretation of the set of simultaneous equations

$$\begin{cases} x + y = 2 \\ x + (1 + m)y = 1 \end{cases}$$

with the unknowns  $x$  and  $y$  are:

- a) two parallel lines, when  $m$  equals .....
- b) two perpendicular lines, when  $m$  equals .....

**Task 2.15 (T 1.2021)**

The square of the difference of  $3x$  and  $y$ , minus the square of the sum of  $x$  and  $3y$  is

- A.  $8x^2 + 8y^2 - 12xy$                       B.  $8x^2 - 8y^2$   
 C.  $8x^2 - 8y^2 - 12xy$                       D.  $8x^2 + 8y^2$

**Task 2.16 (T 3.2021)**

The solution for the inequality

$$\frac{x - 2}{2} - \frac{9 - x}{3} > \frac{1}{6}x - 10$$

is

- A.  $(-9; +\infty)$               B.  $(-\frac{36}{11}; +\infty)$               C.  $(\frac{7}{2}; +\infty)$               D.  $R$

**Task 2.17. (T 4.2021)**

The greatest real root of the equation  $x(x + 1)(3x + 4) = 0$  is

- A. 1                      B. 0                      C. 2                      D.  $-\frac{4}{3}$

**Task 2.18 (T 3.2023)**

Complete the sentence. Select the correct answer from the options given below.

The number of all real solutions of the equation  $x(x^2 + 1)(x - 2) = 0$  is

- A. 1                      B. 2                      C. 3                      D. 4